



VERB TENSES	Past	Present
	It snow <b>ed</b> yesterday.	It snow <b>s</b> every winter.
Simple	Simple past verb	Simple present verb
	It was snowing when I drove to work.	It is snowing.
Progressive	Was/were + -ing verb	Am/is/are+-ing verb
		I <b>have driven</b> in snow many times.
Perfect		Have/has + past participle verb
Perfect progressive		It <b>has been snowing</b> all month long.
rerject progressive		Has/have + -ing verb + for/since





# Tenses Rules

Tense	Usage	Example	
Present Simple	For repeated or regular actions in the present time period Takrorlanuvchi yoki muntazam harakatlar uchun For facts. Faktlar uchun	<ul> <li>I take the train to the office</li> <li>She works in a bank.</li> <li>The train to Berlin leaves every hour.</li> <li>The President of The USA lives in The White House.</li> <li>A dog has four legs.</li> </ul>	
	For habits. Odatlar uchun	<ul> <li>I get up early every day.</li> <li>Carol brushes her teeth twice a day.</li> </ul>	
	For things that are always / generally true/ nature laws Umumiy haqiqatlar/ tabiat qonunlari	<ul> <li>It rains a lot in winter.</li> <li>The Queen of England lives in Buckingham Palace.</li> </ul>	
	Timetable, programmes Jadval asosida bajariladigan ish-harakatlar	<ul> <li>School begins at nine tomorrow.</li> <li>What time does the film start?</li> <li>The plane doesn't arrive at seven. It arrives at seven thirty.</li> </ul>	
	For Newspaper Headlines Gazetalarni sarlavhalarida	THREE DIE IN PLANE CRASH Samolyot halokatida uch kishi vafot etdi. Man enters space. Odamzot fazoga chiqdi(kiradi)	
	When Telling Stories/Sports commentaries/remarks Qachonki hikoyalar aytishda/ sport sharhlari/remarklarda	Then the price gets on his horse and quicly rides away (narration/story)  Peterson overtakes Williams and win the race (sport commentary)	
	For Giving Directions and Instructions Yo'l va yo'riqlar ko'rsatishda	First of all, you break the eggs and whisk with sugar.	
	With stative verbs Holat fe'llari bilan	I believe that you are innocent.	
	Time expression:  always, often, usually, sometimes, seldom, rarely, occasionally, frequently, generally, normally, habitually, regularly, daily, most of the time, most mornings, most days, most weekends, all of the time, all the time, never, almost never, none of the time, whenever, every (each) time/day/week/month/year once/twice/three times a day/week/month/year several times a day/week/month/year etc; on Friday(s) etc; at the weekend, at weekends		





#### ACTIONS HAPPENING NOW

To describe something which is happening at the exact moment of speech.

Gapirilayotgan vaqtda davom etayotgan ish-harakatni tasvirlash uchun

- Jim **is watching** television at the moment.
- I'm trying to work

#### > The action is happening around now .

Talk about something which is in progress around the present, but not necessarily at the moment of speaking. Nutq so'zlanib turgan payt atrofida sodir etilyotgan ishharakatni ifodalash uchun. Ish-harakat doimo so'zlovchi gapiryotgan paytda amalda bajarilyotgan bo'lishi shart emas.

Jim and John are watching television at the moment. Jim says: I am looking for a job at the moment. Jim is not looking for a job at the time of speaking. The action is happening around now, but not at the actual moment of speaking. He means that he is looking for a job these days.

Ayni paytda Jim va John televizor koʻryaptilar. John "
Ish qidiryapman hozir" dedi. Lekin John gapiryotgan
vaqtida ish qidiryotgani yoʻq, ular televizor
koʻryaptilar. Ish-harakat nutq soʻzlanib turgan ayni
oʻsha vaqtda emas, suhbat atrofida sodir etilmoqda.
Yaʻni u shu kunlarda ish qidirmoqda.

**TEMPORARY SITUATIONS** 

## Present Continuous

We use the present continuous for temporary situations. The present continuous is often used in this way with today, tonight, these days, currently, for the time being, nowadays, this week/month/term/season/year, etc:

Vaqtinchalik ish-harakatlar uchun. Hozir bilan bogʻliq boʻlgan vaqt oraligʻida — yaʻni bugun, bugun oqshom, shu kunlarda, shu hafta/oy/mavsum/yilda (va hakozo) bajarilyotgan, vaqtinchalik harakterga ega boʻlgan ish-harakatlarni ifodalash uchun.

- We're living in London for the next two years.
- We're renting a house at the beach for the rest of the summer.
- I'm working as a cashier until I graduate college.
- My husband is taking a three-month holiday from work.
- They're staying with us until they find an apartment.
- I'm leaving in a few minutes.
- I'm reading lots of books these days.

#### CHANGES HAPPENING AROUND THE PRESENT TIME

Talk about situations which are changing or developing around the present.

Shu kunlarda ro'y berayotgan o'zgarishlarni ifodalash uchun. Odatda o'zgarishlar deganda shu kunlarda nimadir ko'payib (o'sib, yaxshilanib) yo kamayib (yomonlashib) borayotgani nazarda tutiladi. Bunda nimadur yaxshilanayotgan, o'sayotgan o'z nomi bilan o'zgarayotgan bo'ladi va asosan bu fellar bilan keladi: Change, get, become, rise, increase, fall, grow, improve, begin, start

- You're getting taller and taller every day.
- The weather's getting warmer.
- It's getting darker earlier each evening.
- My sister's health is slowly improving.
- My hair **is finally growing** out.
- Your English **is getting** better and better.

#### Repetition and Irritation with "Always"

Always so'zi bilan biror ish-harakatni meyoridan ortiq takrorlanyotgani va gapiruvchi bunga ga'zabini noroziligini ko'rsatishda.

Biz forever, constantly, continually, all the time yoki perpetually so'zlarini always o'rnida qo'llay olamiz.

- She is always coming to class late.
- He is constantly talking. I wish he would shut up.
- I don't like them because they are always complaining.

## FUTURE ARRANGEMENTS

To describe an action or event in the future, which has already been planned

Biz reja qilgan ishlar uchun ham ishlatamiz. Bunda siz kelasi zamonda biror ishni qilishingizni reja qilganingizni aytasiz. Bu holda biz allaqachon reja tuzganmiz va voqea kelajakda bo'lishiga amin bo'lamiz

- I'm meeting John **after class today**.
- I am meeting some friends after work.
- I am not going to the party **tonight**.
- Is he visiting his parents next weekend?
- Isn't he coming with us tonight?

#### Time expression:

now / right now / for now / at the moment / at this time / at this moment / for the time being / at present / presently /





	today / tonight / these days / currently / nowadays / this week / month / term / season / year and etc.	
	To express things you have done in your life Hayotingizda bajargan narsalaringizni aytishda	<ul> <li>I've been to England.</li> <li>She has never studied Japanese.</li> </ul>
	To express the number of times you have done something Biror narsani necha marta bajarganizni aytishda	<ul> <li>I've been to Paris three times.</li> <li>How many times have you tried to call her?</li> </ul>
	An action that occurred in the past, but has a result in the present (now) O'tgan zamonda sodir bo'lgan ammo natijasi hozirga ko'rinib turgan ish-harakatlar uchun	I have broken my pencil. – Men qalamimni sindirib qoʻydim (sindirish jarayoni allaqachon tugadi, lekin uning natijasi qalamni singani hozir ham mavjuda qalam hozir ham siniq.)
Present Perfect	Events that recently occurred (just) Yaqinda sodir boʻlgan voqealar( asosan just soʻzi bilan)	Do you want to go to a restaurant with me? No, thanks. I' <b>ve just eaten</b> lunch. (I recently ate lunch.)
	Events that have not occurred up to now (yet/ up to now/until now/ up until now/so far) Hozirgacha sodir bo'lmagan ish-harakatlar uchun( asosan yet/ up to now/until now/ up until now/ so far so'zlari bilan	<ul> <li>I have written ten books so far</li> <li>Are Carlos and Rodrigo here? No, they haven't arrived yet. (they're still not here now)</li> </ul>
	Events that occurred before you expected (already) Biz kutganimizdan ham oldinroq sodir bo'lgan voqealar uchun ( asosan already so'zi bilan)	He has <b>already</b> gone.     U <b>allaqachon</b> ketib boʻldi. (U hozir bu yerda emas)
	Events that began in the past and haven't changed (for, since) O'tgan zamonda boshlangan va o'zgarmagan ish-harakatlar uchun	Mike has worked at Woodward for 3 years. (Mike started working at Woodward 3 years ago and he still works there now.) Julie has worked at Woodward since September last year. (Julie began working at Woodward in September of last year, and that hasn't changed - she still works here now.)
	Time expression:	
	Just/Already/Yet/For/Sinc/ Never/Ever/Still	
	We use the present perfect continuous to show that something started in the past and has continued up until now. "For five minutes," "for two weeks," and "since Tuesday" are all durations which can be used with the present perfect continuous	<ul> <li>They have been talking for the last hour.</li> <li>She has been working at that company for three years.</li> <li>What have you been doing for the last 30 minutes?</li> </ul>
Present Perfect	Biz Hozirgi tugallangan davomli zamoni oʻtgan zamonda boshlangan va hozirgacha davom etib kelayotgan ish- harakatlar uchun ishlatamiz Qancha vaqtdan beri davom etib kelayotgani koʻrsatish uchun for va since ishlatamiz	<ul> <li>James has been teaching at the university since June.</li> <li>We have been waiting here for over two hours!</li> </ul>
Continuous	Express recent actions that have clear evidence or results now	You've lost a lot of weight. Have you been
	Hozirda belgisi koʻrnib turgan va mantiqiy xulosa qilishda	<ul><li>going to the gym?</li><li>Her eyes are red because she's been crying all evening.</li></ul>
	Time expression:	
	all + time word e.g. all day, all night etc./the whole + time e.g. the whole day/ for/since/how long	





To express completed action in the past O'tgan zamonda sodir bo'lgan narsalarni aytishda	I <b>saw</b> a ghost last Friday.	
To express habits in the past O'tmishdagi odatlar uchun	When I <b>was</b> young, I <b>watched</b> lots of television every day after school	
Time expression:		
Yesterday Ago Last month Last week Last year In 2003 In 2007		
To describe what someone was doing at a particular point in time	<ul> <li>I Last night at 6 PM, I was eating dinner.</li> <li>At midnight, we were still driving through the desert.</li> </ul>	
Oʻtgan zamonda malum bir vaziyatda davom etayotgan ish-harakatlar uchun	<ul> <li>Yesterday at this time, I was sitting at my desk at work.</li> </ul>	
`Parallel Actions	<ul> <li>I was studying while he was making dinner.</li> <li>While Ellen was reading, Tim was watching television.</li> <li>Were you listening while he was talking?</li> <li>I wasn't paying attention while I was writing the letter, so I made several mistakes.</li> </ul>	
`To express interrupted action in the past  Uzib qo'yilgan/buzilgan ish-harakarlar	<ul> <li>I was watching TV when she called.</li> <li>When the phone rang, she was writing a letter.</li> <li>While we were having the picnic, it started to rain</li> </ul>	
Repetition and Irritation with "Always"  Always so'zi bilan g'azab shikoyatni bildiradi	<ul> <li>She was always coming to class late.</li> <li>He was constantly talking. He annoyed everyone.</li> </ul>	
	O'tgan zamonda sodir bo'lgan narsalarni aytishda  To express habits in the past O'tmishdagi odatlar uchun  Time expression:  Yesterday Ago Last month Last week Last year In 2003 In 2007  To describe what someone was doing at a particular point in time  O'tgan zamonda malum bir vaziyatda davom etayotgan ish-harakatlar uchun  'Parallel Actions  'To express interrupted action in the past Uzib qo'yilgan/buzilgan ish-harakarlar  Repetition and Irritation with "Always"	

INGLIZ TILI – kurslariga qabul davom etadi.

Nomozov Boysoat talaba bo'lishingizga yordam beradi

Murojat uchun : 90 991 03 95 yoki 99 995 62 46

Telegramda: @Nomozov\_Boysoat

@InglizEnglish – telegram kanalimizga a'zo boʻling