

**Kimyo fanidan test savollari 7- sinf**

1. Kimyo fanining predmetini belgilang

- a) kimyoviy xossalalar, fizikaviy xossalarni o'rganish
- b) tabiiy va sintetik moddalar
- c) modda va modda xossalalarini bir- biriga aylanishi
- d) moddalarning o'zgarishi

2. Kimyo fani vazifasi

- a) kimyoviy xossalalar, fizikaviy xossalarni o'rganish
- b) tabiiy va sintetik moddalar
- c) modda va modda xossalalarini bir- biriga aylanishi
- d) moddalarning o'zgarishi

3. Moddalarni nima tashkil qiladi

- a) atomlar
- b) molekulalar
- c) jismlar
- d) zarrachalar

4. Moddalarning xossalarni belgilang

- a) rang, hid, zichlik, ta'm, qattiq, suyuq, gaz holati
- b) kristal, rezina, bug', temir
- c) havo, suv, modda parchalanishi
- d) to'g'ri javob yo'q

5. Qaysi kimyogar olim tarkibiga ko'ra kimyoviy belgi- element lotincha nomlarning bosh va keyingi harflardan qo'shib yoziladi degan

- a) Mendelev
- b) Lomonovskiy
- c) Berselius
- d) Gekkel

6. O'zgaruvchan valentlikka ega elementlarni belgilang

- a) Al, Ba, K, Ca
- b) Cr, Cl, S, Fe, Br
- c) Zn, Hg, C, H
- d) Si, Na, Ag

7. Avagadro doimiysi qiymati

$$a) 6,02 \cdot 10^{23} \quad b) 6,002 \cdot 10^{23} \quad c) 6,03 \cdot 10^{23} \quad d) 6,002 \cdot 10^{24}$$

8. Avagadro gazlar bilan bo'qliq xodisalarni o'rganish jarayonida qanday xulosaga keladi

- a) bir xil miqdordagi molekulalar bir xil hajmni egallaydi
- b) har xil miqdordagi molekulalar bir xil hajmni egallaydi
- c) bir xil sharoitda o'zaro teng hajmdagi turli xildagi gazlarda molekulalar soni teng
- d) to'g'ri javob yo'q

9. Almashinish reaksiyasini belgilang

- a)  $2H_2 + O_2 = 2H_2O$
- b)  $CaCO_3 = CaO + CO_2$
- c)  $Fe + CuSO_4 = FeSO_4 + Cu$
- d)  $NaOH + HCl = NaCl + H_2O$

10. Kimyoviy reaksiyalarni tezlashtiradigan va bu jarayonda o'zgarmasdan sarflanmay qoladigan moddalar nima deyiladi

- a) kataliz
- b) katalizator
- c) ekvivalent
- d) allotropiya

11. Oksidlarda kislorod necha valentli bo'ladi

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

12. Moddalarning havoda yondirish uchun harorat nima deb ataladi

- a) yonish
- b) alanga
- c) alanganish harorati
- d) cho'x hosil bo'lish

13. Eruvchanlik deb nimaga aytildi

- a) to'yingan eritmani xususiyati
- b) moddaning erish qobiliyati
- c) eruvchanlik o'chami
- d) erish

14. 50 g osh tuzini 450 g suvda eritib olingan eritmaning konsentratsiyasi qanday bo'ladi

$$a) 5\% \quad b) 10\% \quad c) 15\% \quad d) 20\%$$

15. Metallarga kiruvchi elementlarni aniqlang

- a) Cl, O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub> S
- b) Cl, Na, O<sub>3</sub> K
- c) Cu, Na, Fe, Ag
- d) Ag, Cl, Cu, P, Fe

16. Oksidlarni belgilang

- a) H<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub>, NaOH, Ca(OH)
- b) BaSO<sub>4</sub>, CaCl, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>
- c) NaOH, H<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>3</sub>, BaCl
- d) P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>

17. Havoning necha foizi kislorod?

$$a) 22\% \quad b) 21\% \quad c) 78\% \quad d) 0,01\%$$

18. Foiz konsentratsiyani toppish formulasi?

19. CaCO<sub>3</sub> molekulyar massasini aniqlang?

20. 100gr suvda qancha shaker eriydi?

21. K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> da Cr ning valentligi nechchiga teng?

22. Natriy gidroksidning suvdagi eritmasi 2 litrida 16gr NaOH bor. Shu eritmaning molyar konsentratsiyasini hisoblang?

23. CaCl<sub>2</sub>ning molekulyar massasini hisoblang?

24. Normal konsentratsiya formulasini ko'rsating?

25. Kimyoviy element nima?

8-sinf

1. Kimyoviy birikmani tashkil etuvchi elementlarning massa ulushlari quyidagicha:

H-1,59 %; N-22,22 %; O-76,19 %. Shu moddaning formulasini aniqlang.

A.  $\text{HNO}_3$ .      B.  $\text{HNO}_2$       C.  $\text{HNO}$

2. Kimyoviy birikmani tashkil etuvchi elementlarning massa ulushlari quyidagicha:

H-11,11 %; O-88,89 %. Shu moddaning formulasini aniqlang.

A.  $\text{HOHH}$       B.  $\text{HOH}$ .      C.  $\text{OH}$

3. Davriy sistemada nechta metallmas mavjud

a)22                    b)15                    c)20

4) Xlorning yer yuzidagi miqdori

a)0,027%      b)0,045%      c)0,000003%

5. Qattiq moddalarning suyuq holatga o`tmasdan gaz holatga, gaz holatdan yana suyuqlanmasdan qattiq holatga o`tishi hodisasi nima deyliladi

a)gologenlar      b)gidroliz      c)sublimatsiyalanish

6. Silvinit

a) $\text{KCl} \cdot \text{NaCl}$       b) $\text{KCl}$       c) $\text{KCl} \cdot \text{MgCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

7. Inert gazlarga misol

a) $\text{He}, \text{Ne}, \text{Ar}$       b) $\text{H}_2, \text{He}, \text{Kr}$  c) $\text{N}_2, \text{Cl}_2, \text{H}_2$

8. Kimyoviy birikmani tashkil etuvchi elementlarning massa ulushlari quyidagicha:

N-25,9 %; O-74,1 %. Shu moddaning formulasini aniqlang.

A.  $\text{NO}$       B.  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$       C.  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ .

9. Avogadro soni nechaga teng.

a) $1.25 \cdot 10^{23}$       b) $22.4 \cdot 10^{23}$       c) $6.02 \cdot 10^{23}$

10. Davriy sistemada uglerod nechanch tartib raqamida turadi a)12

b)6      c)16

11. Quyidagi kislardoli birikmalalarning qaysi biri noto'gri yozilgan .

a)  $\text{SO}_2$       b)  $\text{CO}$       c)  $\text{PO}$

12. II guruh bosh guruhcha elementlari barcha birikmalarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?

A\ a)+3;      b)+4;      c)+2;

13. Kimyo fani vazifasi

a) kimyoviy xossalalar, fizikaviy xossalarni o'rganish

b) tabiiy va sintetik moddalar

c) modda va modda xossalarni bir- biriga aylanishi

14. Metallarga kiruvchi elementlarni aniqlang

a) Cl, O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub> S      b) Cl, Na, O<sub>3</sub> K      c) Cu, Na, Fe, Ag

15. O'zgaruvchan valentlikka ega elementlarni belgilang

a) Al, Ba, K, Ca      b) Cr, Cl, S, Fe,      c) Zn, Hg, C, H

16. Al ionining elektron formulasini quyidagi qaysi formulaga muvofiq keladi? a)  $1\text{S}^2 2\text{S}^2 2\text{P}^4$  b)  $1\text{S}^2 2\text{S}^2 2\text{P}^6 3\text{S}^2 3\text{P}^1$  c)  $1\text{S}^2 2\text{S}^2 2\text{P}^6$

17. Davriy sistemada uglerod nechanch tartib raqamida turadi

18. Quyidagi moddalarning molekulyar massalarini hisoblang.

O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NaCl, NaOH, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>,

19..  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  da Cr ning valentligi nechchiga teng? \_\_\_\_\_

20. Kislorod peroksidlarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?

21. Kimyoviy element nima? \_\_\_\_\_

22. .CaCO<sub>3</sub> molekulyar massasini aniqlang? \_\_\_\_\_

23. Kimyo fanining predmetini \_\_\_\_\_

24. Oksidlarga misol keltiring \_\_\_\_\_

25. .CaCl<sub>2</sub>ning molekulyar massasini

hisoblang? \_\_\_\_\_

## 9-sinf

- 1A<sub>1</sub><sup>+3</sup> ionining elektron formulasi quyidagi qaysi formulaga muvofiq keladi?  
A)1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>4</sup> B) 1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>6</sup>3S<sup>2</sup>3P<sup>1</sup> C)1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>6</sup> D) 1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>8</sup>3S<sup>2</sup>
2. II guruh bosh guruhcha elementlari barcha birikmalarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?  
A)+3; B)+4; S).+2; D).+1
3. Bog' uzunligi- atom yadrolari orasidagi masofaning muvozonat ho-latni qanday birlikda o'Ichanadi? A)s/nlarda; B)n/mlarda; S)m larda; D)Larda.
4. Kislorod peroksidlarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?  
A)-1; B)-3; S) 2; D)-2
5. 44,8 litr karbonat angdirid hosil qilish uchun (n.sh)da necha gramm CaCO<sub>3</sub> ni parchalash lozim. A)25g; B)50g; S)200 g; D)150g
6. Ichimlik soddasi qaysi bandda to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan? A.Na,CO<sub>2</sub>; B.CaO; S.NaHCO<sub>3</sub>; D.NH<sub>4</sub>HCO<sub>3</sub>
7. Marganesning eng yuqori valentligi  
a)VII b)VI c)V
8. Kimyoviy birikmani tashkil etuvchi elementlarning massa ulushlari quyidagicha:  
N-25,9 %; O-74,1 %. Shu moddaning formulasini aniqlang.  
A.NO B.N<sub>2</sub>O C. N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.
10. Davriy sistemada uglerod nechancha tartib raqamida turadi a)12 b)6 c)16
11. Quyidagi kislarodli birikmalafrning qaysi biri noto'gri yozilgan .  
a) SO<sub>2</sub> b)CO c)PO
12. II guruh bosh guruhcha elementlari barcha birikmalarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?  
A\|a)+3; b)+4; c)+2;
13. Kimyo fani vazifasi  
a) kimyoviy xossalari, fizikaviy xossalarni o'rghanish  
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a) Al, Ba, K, Ca b) Cr, Cl, S, Fe, c) Zn, Hg, C, H
16. Al ionining elektron formulasi quyidagi qaysi formulaga muvofiq keladi? a)1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>4</sup> b) 1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>6</sup>3S<sup>2</sup>3P<sup>1</sup> c)1S<sup>2</sup>2S<sup>2</sup>P<sup>6</sup>
17. Davriy sistemada uglerod nechancha tartib raqamida turadi
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18. Quyidagi moddalarning molekulyar massalarini hisoblang.  
O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NaCl, NaOH, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>,
- 
- 19..K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> da Cr ning valentligi nechchiga teng?
20. Kislorod peroksidlarda qanday oksidlanish darajasiga ega?
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- 21.Kimyoviy element nima?
- 
22. .CaCO<sub>3</sub> molekulyar massasini aniqlang?
- 
- 23.Bor <sup>10</sup>B va <sup>11</sup>B izotoblar aralashmasidan iborat.Borning o`rtacha nisbiy atom massasi 10,82 ga teng.Tabiyy bordagi izotoplarning massa ulushlarini toping.
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24. 1.Tabiyligida <sup>63</sup>Cu va <sup>65</sup>Cu izotoplari aralashmasidan tashkil topgan.Misning o`rtacha nisbiy atom massasi 63,54 ga teng.Izotoplari aralashmasidagi Cu izotoplarining foiz ulushlarini aniaqlang.
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25. .CaCl<sub>2</sub>ning molekulyar massasini hisoblang?

